Undergraduate Admissions Statistics: 2013 entry

Contents

This information also appears on the web at:
www.ox.ac.uk/ug-stats

From that web page additional links can be found to supplemental information such as figures from past years and an insight into the experience of applying and studying at Oxford University.

This information is correct at time of production on: 7 May 2014

Introduction

These tables are produced annually by the Student Data Management and Analysis team of the University of Oxford.

The data in the tables refers to candidates who applied in October 2012, irrespective of the year for which they were seeking admission. It does not include candidates holding deferred offers from the 2011 exercise.

Oxford is very competitive ...

More than 17,000 people applied to Oxford for 2013 entry. Oxford has around 3,200 places.

... And getting ever more so

Over **46,000** UCAS applicants achieved AAA+ at A-level (or equivalent) in 2012. The number of A grades at A-level has grown by over 38% in 10 years. Applications to Oxford have increased by **46%** in the last 10 years.

[Source: UCAS; Joint Council for Qualifications; Oxford University data]

Oxford is committed to recruiting the best candidates, irrespective of their age, colour, disability, ethnic origin, marital status, nationality, national origin, parental status, race, religion or belief, gender, sexual orientation, social background or educational background.

Headline figures

- The total number of **applicants** in October 2012 was **17,216**. This remained consistent with the corresponding figure of **17,241** in October 2011.
- The total number of acceptances was 3,198. This 3,198 includes 87 places for deferred entry in October 2014.
- 11,556 applications (67.1%) came from those domiciled in the UK; 1,950 (11.3%) from those domiciled in the EU (non-UK), and 3,710 (21.5%) from those domiciled outside the EU.
- 2,643 (82.6%) of acceptances went to those with domiciled in the UK; 180 (5.6%) to those domiciled in the EU (non-UK), and 375 (11.7%) to those domiciled outside the EU.
- Of UK students attending maintained or independent schools or colleges in the UK, **56.8%** of places went to applicants from the state sector and **43.2%** to applicants from the independent sector.
- For all candidates of all domiciles, 45.9% of places went to those from the state sector, 37.6% to the independent sector, and 16.5% to 'other' (e.g. other applicants from UK institutions not classified as state or independent, individual applicants and those applying from overseas).

School type

Introduction

For 2013 entry, of *UK students attending state or independent schools or colleges in the UK*, **56.8%** of places went to applicants from the state sector and **43.2%** to applicants from the independent sector.

UK domiciled applications and acceptances by State and Independent sector (as percentages):

	Applications 2013 Total (%)	Acceptances 2013 Total (%)
State sector	62.8	56.8
Independent	37.2	43.2
TOTAL	**100.0**	**100.0**

For all candidates, **45.9%** of places went to those from the state sector, **37.6%** to the independent sector, and **16.5%** to 'other' (e.g. other applicants from UK institutions not classified as state or independent, individual applicants and those applying from overseas).

All domiciles:		
	Applications 2013	**Acceptances 2013**
State sector	41.1	45.9
Independent	27.7	37.6
Other	31.2	16.5
TOTAL	**100.0**	**100.0**

Statistics on the national context for Oxford's application numbers

- Nationally, although independent schools educate just 7% of the total UK school population, they account for 15% of all A-level entries, 30% of all A grades, and 33% of all those getting AAA.
  [Source: Harris report]
- On average for 2010, 17.5% of state school students getting AAA or better (excluding General Studies) applied for courses Oxford doesn't offer.
  [Source: UCAS]

Additional statistics on Oxford's acceptance numbers

- **State applicants' success rate is affected by subject choice:** UK domiciled state school students apply disproportionately for the most oversubscribed subjects. On average, **35%** of UK domiciled state school applications between 2011 and 2013 were for the five most oversubscribed subjects at Oxford. This compared to just **29%** of independent school applications. *(The five most oversubscribed subjects,*

based on the course with over 60 places with the highest applicant to places ratio between 2011 and 2013, were: Economics & Management, Medicine, PPE, Law and Maths)

- **State students also apply in disproportionately low numbers for the least oversubscribed subjects: 18%** of UK domiciled independent school applications between 2011 and 2013 were for Oxford's five least oversubscribed subjects, compared to just **13%** of all state school applications. *(The five least oversubscribed subjects, based on the courses with over 60 places with the lowest applicant to places ratio between 2011 and 2013, were: Classics, Chemistry, Music, Modern Languages and Biological Sciences)*

More detailed breakdowns by school type

UK domiciled applications and acceptances by type of school/college in detail, 2013 entry

	Applications 2013		Acceptances 2013	
	Total	**%**	**Total**	**%**
Comprehensive	2617	22.6	564	21.3
Grammar	1137	9.8	261	9.9
Sixth Form Colleges	1327	11.5	267	10.1
Academy [1]	1519	13.1	320	12.1
FE Institutions [2]	364	3.1	50	1.9
Other State [3]	10	0.1	1	0.0
State sector	6974	60.3	1463	55.4
Independent	4125	35.7	1114	42.1
Other UK Institutions [4]	43	0.4	11	0.4
Overseas Schools	55	0.5	10	0.4
Individuals	359	3.1	45	1.7
All other category	457	4.0	66	2.5
TOTAL	**11556**	**100.0**	**2643**	**100.0**

All domiciles: applications and acceptances by type of school/college in detail

	Applications 2013		Acceptances 2013	
	Total	%	Total	%
Comprehensive	2639	15.3	566	17.7
Grammar	1140	6.6	261	8.2
Sixth Form Colleges	1376	8.0	269	8.4
Academy [1]	1525	8.9	320	10.0
FE Institutions [2]	390	2.3	51	1.6
Other State [3]	10	0.1	1	0.0
State sector	7080	41.1	1468	45.9
Independent	4764	27.7	1203	37.6
Other UK Institutions [4]	66	0.4	14	0.4
Overseas Schools	2319	13.5	270	8.4
Individuals	2987	17.4	243	7.6
All other category	5372	31.2	527	16.5
TOTAL	**17216**	**100.0**	**3198**	**100.0**

[1] Academy is a new classification, introduced by UCAS for 2013 entry
[2] FE Institutions comprises tertiary colleges and all types of further education colleges
[3] Other State comprises Other Secondary Schools, Special Schools and City Technology Colleges
[4] Other UK institutions mainly comprises Language Schools and HE institutions but also includes a few other UK institutions that are not classified as either State or Independent

Equivalent table from last year, for comparison:

	Applications 2012		Acceptances 2012	
	Total	%	Total	%
Comprehensive	3,382	19.6	707	21.9
Grammar	1,954	11.3	496	15.3
Sixth-form colleges	1,363	7.9	234	7.2
FE Institutions [1]	480	2.8	53	1.6
Other maintained [2]	140	0.8	29	0.9
Maintained sector	7,319	42.5	1,519	47.0
Independent	4,853	28.1	1,211	37.5
Other UK Institutions [3]	63	0.4	8	0.2
Overseas Schools	1,855	10.8	227	7.0
Individuals	3,151	18.3	268	8.3
All other category	5,069	29.4	503	15.6
TOTAL	**17,241**	**100.0**	**3,233**	**100.0**

[1] FE Institutions comprise tertiary colleges and all types of further education colleges.
[2] 'Other maintained' comprises other secondary schools, special schools and city technology colleges.
[3] 'Other UK Institutions' mainly comprises language schools and HE Institutions, but also includes a few other UK institutions that are not classified as either maintained or independent.

Table showing success rates (the percentage of all applicants that are accepted) by school type

Success rate by type of school/college: all domiciles

	Success rate 2013 All %	Success rate 2012 All %
Comprehensive	21.4	20.9
Grammar	22.9	25.4
Sixth Form Colleges	19.5	17.2
Academy [1]	21.0	-
FE Institutions [2]	13.1	11.0
Other State [3]	10.0	20.7
State sector	20.7	20.8
Independent	25.3	25.0
Other UK Institutions [4]	21.2	12.7
Overseas Schools	11.6	12.2
Individuals	8.1	8.5
All other category	9.8	9.9
TOTAL	**18.6**	**18.8**

[1] Academy is a new classification, introduced by UCAS for 2013 entry
[2] FE Institutions comprises tertiary colleges and all types of further education colleges
[3] Other State comprises Other Secondary Schools, Special Schools and City Technology Colleges
[4] Other UK institutions mainly comprises Language Schools and HE institutions but also includes a few other UK institutions that are not classified as either State or Independent

Courses and school type

The table below shows, for each course, applications and acceptances by school type. It also shows success rates by course and by school type.

The figures are given as three-year averages, because numbers vary from year to year, so a single year can give a misleading picture.

The table gives figures for applicants of all domiciles.

Three-year average[#] of applications and acceptances by course and type of school/college, 2011–13: all domiciles

	State			Independent			Other		
	Apps	Acc	Success rate (%)	Apps	Acc	Success rate (%)	Apps	Acc	Success rate (%)
ARTS									
Ancient & Modern History	38	8	20.0	30	6	19.1	8	1	12.0

Archaeology and Anthropology	32	7	23.2	27	10	36.3	40	6	14.3
Classical Archaeology and Ancient History	38	11	29.8	33	6	19.4	16	2	10.6
Classics	72	29	40.5	192	84	43.7	41	9	22.8
Classics and English	15	2	13.6	10	4	40.0	7	1	9.5
Classics and Modern Languages	9	3	34.6	17	5	30.8	5	1	12.5
Computer Science & Philosophy$^\$$	5	3	55.6	7	3	35.7	17	4	20.6
Economics and Management	285	34	11.9	281	35	12.5	563	20	3.6
English	626	124	19.8	377	94	24.8	184	18	9.6
English and Modern Languages	75	8	11.1	38	8	21.9	31	2	5.4
European and Middle Eastern Languages	18	5	28.3	15	4	26.7	7	1	10.0
Fine Art	82	10	12.6	43	4	10.0	60	9	15.6
Geography	170	40	23.5	171	36	21.2	36	5	13.9
History	501	122	24.3	398	98	24.6	101	14	13.5
History and Economics	23	5	22.1	31	6	20.4	37	2	5.5
History and English	48	6	11.7	15	2	13.6	24	2	9.7
History and Modern Languages	50	9	18.7	27	6	21.3	11	1	12.5
History and Politics	138	25	18.4	70	13	19.1	91	5	5.8
History of Art	38	7	18.3	48	6	11.9	38	1	1.8
Law	522	90	17.3	229	46	20.1	508	59	11.5
Law with Law Studies in Europe	117	16	13.4	61	9	14.2	132	5	3.5
Mathematics and Philosophy	35	5	13.3	27	9	32.5	31	4	12.0
Modern Languages	265	87	32.7	251	82	32.8	55	15	26.7
Modern Languages and Linguistics	33	11	34.0	25	9	35.1	17	3	17.6
Music	106	31	29.7	90	34	37.9	28	5	17.6
Oriental Studies	54	16	30.2	46	18	38.4	59	10	16.4
Philosophy and Modern Languages	19	5	25.0	28	5	19.0	18	6	31.5
Philosophy and	36	9	24.8	49	11	21.6	16	6	36.7

Theology									
Physics and Philosophy	44	5	12.2	35	8	22.6	49	6	12.8
PPE	477	103	21.6	370	85	22.9	833	59	7.0
Theology	38	12	30.4	49	18	36.3	14	4	26.2
Theology & Oriental Studies	1	0	25.0	1	0	50.0	4	1	16.7
TOTAL ARTS	**4011**	**850**	**21.2**	**3090**	**763**	**24.7**	**3080**	**283**	**9.2**
SCIENCES									
Biochemistry	176	52	29.5	86	28	32.8	130	13	10.3
Biological Sciences	190	60	31.5	114	38	33.0	102	10	9.5
Biomedical Sciences	92	15	16.0	43	12	27.3	69	6	8.7
Chemistry	305	97	31.7	155	64	41.3	121	22	18.5
Computer Science	64	12	18.8	18	3	16.4	63	9	14.2
Earth Sciences	80	27	33.5	32	5	15.8	27	3	9.8
EEM	13	2	13.2	13	3	23.1	87	5	6.2
Engineering Science	220	58	26.3	198	62	31.4	318	36	11.4
Experimental Psychology	124	23	18.9	74	22	29.6	69	8	12.1
Human Sciences	40	13	33.3	47	10	22.0	65	5	8.2
Materials Science and MEM	25	12	47.4	33	15	45.9	48	5	11.1
Mathematics	606	93	15.3	232	46	19.9	161	29	18.2
Mathematics and Computer Science	45	10	21.5	16	5	32.7	51	11	22.4
Mathematics and Statistics	41	3	7.3	44	3	7.6	95	14	14.7
Medicine	666	82	12.3	385	63	16.4	438	7	1.5
Physics	592	90	15.1	204	51	25.0	143	28	19.3
Psychology, Philosophy and Linguistics	41	6	13.8	29	8	27.9	64	10	15.5
TOTAL SCIENCES	**3319**	**652**	**19.7**	**1723**	**439**	**25.5**	**2053**	**223**	**10.8**
TOTAL	**7330**	**1502**	**20.5**	**4813**	**1202**	**25.0**	**5133**	**505**	**9.8**

[#] Three-year averages are given because proportions vary from year to year

The figures for applications and acceptances are given to the nearest whole number: however success rates have been calculated using the non-rounded figures

[$] New course in 2012 so data for two years only

Colleges and school type

The table below shows, for each college,

a) The percentage of applications to that college which came from the state sector out of all applications from the state and independent sector; and

b) The percentage of acceptances by that college that went to state sector out of all acceptances to the state and independent sector.

Three-year averages are also given because proportions vary from year to year, so a single year can give a misleading picture.

The table gives figures for UK-domiciled applicants only.

UK domiciled applications and acceptances by college[1]

	Applications, offers and acceptances for 2013		Three year average [2] of applications and acceptances 2011-13	
	Applications from state (%)	Acceptances for state %	Applications from state (%)	Acceptances for state %
Balliol	67.2	60.0	69.0	61.9
Brasenose	58.3	66.7	55.7	54.9
Christ Church	57.5	42.2	62.2	48.2
Corpus Christi	69.8	66.1	66.7	59.7
Exeter	56.5	48.6	54.6	54.5
Harris Manchester [3]	83.3	50.0	89.2	58.3
Hertford	73.1	65.3	70.1	64.9
Jesus	67.1	53.3	69.3	54.5
Keble	61.6	59.8	63.4	53.2
Lady Margaret Hall	59.9	52.0	61.9	52.2
Lincoln	60.2	58.3	62.1	61.0
Magdalen	68.5	51.7	68.1	60.4
Mansfield	78.1	72.7	80.8	80.1
Merton	73.4	61.8	73.0	63.3
New	57.6	49.0	58.1	49.2
Oriel	57.6	54.8	58.7	60.3
Pembroke	50.9	52.4	49.1	46.2
Queen's	57.1	59.5	55.8	54.8
Somerville	68.9	63.4	65.8	63.5
St Anne's	64.2	59.8	66.7	60.7
St Catherine's	66.0	63.1	65.4	58.4

St Edmund Hall	55.0	52.1	54.2	54.7
St Hilda's	64.7	54.2	70.3	55.8
St Hugh's	68.8	58.6	70.7	55.4
St John's	69.8	65.6	71.5	58.1
St Peter's	50.5	47.1	53.5	53.4
Trinity	54.1	44.3	53.9	49.1
University	61.3	48.3	62.9	55.5
Wadham	74.7	69.4	71.4	67.1
Worcester	58.4	62.2	61.8	64.1
OVERALL	**62.8**	**56.8**	**63.4**	**57.3**

[1] The figures relate to applicants from a school or college in the UK, but exclude international students from outside the UK

Figures for the state sector are expressed as a percentage of state plus independent sector

[2] Three year averages are given because proportions vary from year to year

[3] For mature students, aged 21 or over

Nationality and domicile

- For entry 2013, 11,556 applications (67.1%) came from those domiciled in the UK; 1,950 (11.3%) from those domiciled in the EU (non-UK), and 3,710 (21.5%) from those domiciled outside the EU.
- For entry 2013, 2,643 (82.6%) of acceptances went to those domiciled in the UK; 180 (5.6%) to those domiciled in the EU (non-UK), and 375 (11.7%) to those domiciled outside the EU.
- Applications from non-UK students have almost tripled over the past ten years.
- Oxford's *total* student body, including postgraduates, has students from over 140 countries and territories.
- Over a third of Oxford's total student body (undergraduates and postgraduates across all year groups) - almost 8,000 students out of 22,000 - are not domiciled in the UK: 16% of undergraduates (across all year groups) and 55% of graduate students.
- 43% of Oxford's academic staff are citizens of foreign countries, coming from almost 100 different countries and territories.

Applications and acceptances by domicile

	2013			2012		
	Applications	Acceptances	Success rate (%)	Applications	Acceptances	Success rate (%)
UK	11556	2643	22.9	11832	2695	22.8
EU, not UK	1950	180	9.2	1939	189	9.7
Outside EU	3710	375	10.1	3470	349	10.1
GRAND TOTAL	**17216**	**3198**	**18.6**	**17241**	**3233**	**18.8**

Candidates outside the UK

The tables below give information about candidates outside of the UK; both those within the EU, and those outside the EU.

Figures are given by both nationality and domicile.

Non-EU applications, offers and acceptances by Nationality & Domicile for October 2013

	Nationality			Domicile		
	Apps	Acceptances	SR %	Apps	Acceptances	SR %
China	672	101	15.0	596	88	14.8
United States of America	399	33	8.3	438	35	8.0

	Apps	Acceptances	SR %	Apps	Acceptances	SR %
Singapore	332	61	18.4	417	74	17.7
Hong Kong	114	12	10.5	323	47	14.6
India	364	18	4.9	293	12	4.1
Malaysia	187	12	6.4	175	13	7.4
Canada	172	15	8.7	166	10	6.0
Korea (South)	178	18	10.1	121	12	9.9
Pakistan	124	4	3.2	116	2	1.7
Australia	108	20	18.5	98	12	12.2
Switzerland	21	4	19.0	70	9	12.9
Russia	86	4	4.7	62	2	3.2
Norway	56	2	3.6	57	2	3.5
United Arab Emirates	5	-	0.0	46	3	6.5
Turkey	37	3	8.1	45	5	11.1
Thailand	39	8	20.5	44	10	22.7
New Zealand	26	6	23.1	37	5	13.5
Indonesia	39	5	12.8	36	3	8.3
Nigeria	45	1	2.2	30	1	3.3
Mauritius	32	1	3.1	30	1	3.3
Sub-total	3036	328	10.8	3200	346	10.8
Others	674	47	7.0	510	29	5.7
TOTAL	**3710**	**375**	**10.1**	**3710**	**375**	**10.1**

Listed using top 20 countries by domicile.

EU applications, offers and acceptances by Nationality & Domicile for October 2013

		Nationality			Domicile	
	Apps	**Acceptances**	**SR %**	**Apps**	**Acceptances**	**SR %**
Austria	46	5	10.9	52	5	9.6
Belgium	34	4	11.8	63	9	14.3
Bulgaria	48	7	14.6	46	7	15.2
Cyprus	22	1	4.5	32	1	3.1
Czech Republic	40	1	2.5	47	1	2.1
Denmark	43	3	7.0	46	5	10.9
Estonia	14	2	14.3	15	2	13.3
Finland	35	2	5.7	32	4	12.5
France	139	9	6.5	190	15	7.9
Germany	300	28	9.3	329	33	10.0
Gibraltar	4	-	0.0	8	-	0.0
Greece	40	1	2.5	42	2	4.8

Hungary	37	1	2.7	36	1	2.8
Ireland	77	10	13.0	97	9	9.3
Italy	158	12	7.6	176	14	8.0
Latvia	7	1	14.3	5	1	20.0
Lithuania	28	3	10.7	28	3	10.7
Luxembourg	9	-	0.0	26	2	7.7
Malta	1	-	0.0	3	-	0.0
Netherlands	86	7	8.1	103	12	11.7
Poland	193	16	8.3	193	17	8.8
Portugal	19	1	5.3	20	1	5.0
Romania	101	14	13.9	104	15	14.4
Slovakia	32	4	12.5	32	4	12.5
Slovenia	21	3	14.3	21	3	14.3
Spain	94	10	10.6	104	11	10.6
Sweden	93	3	3.2	100	3	3.0
Sub-total	1721	148	8.6	1950	180	9.2
Others	229	32	14.0	-	-	-
TOTAL	**1950**	**180**	**9.2**	**1950**	**180**	**9.2**

UK region of domicile

Candidates within the UK

The table and figures below give regional information about candidates domiciled in the UK.

Applications and acceptances by region of domicile for entry 2013

Region	Applications for entry 2013		Acceptances for entry 2013		Total number of candidates accepted through UCAS 2012	
	No	%	No	%	No	%
North-East	241	1.4	63	2.0	14916	3.2
North-West	1026	6.0	192	6.0	47849	10.3
Yorkshire & Humbs	594	3.5	153	4.8	32102	6.9
East Midlands	580	3.4	103	3.2	25993	5.6
West Midlands	918	5.3	181	5.7	36455	7.8
Eastern	1077	6.3	279	8.7	35297	7.6
Greater London	2647	15.4	661	20.7	66016	14.2
South East	2472	14.4	610	19.1	54047	11.6
South West	1200	7.0	268	8.4	31227	6.7
Wales	384	2.2	55	1.7	19307	4.2
Scotland	292	1.7	53	1.7	30899	6.6
Northern Ireland	125	0.7	25	0.8	13283	2.9
Other EU	1950	11.3	180	5.6	23233	5.0
Overseas	3710	21.5	375	11.7	34286	7.4
TOTAL	**17216**	**100.0**	**3198**	**100.0**	**464910**	**100.0**

Courses

Applications and acceptances by course, 2013 entry: all domiciles

The table below shows the number of applications and acceptances for each course for 2013 entry, the success rate (the proportion of applicants who got a place), and the number of applicants per place available. The table is repeated below, organised by success rate.

Applications and acceptances by course, 2013 entry: all domiciles

	Applications	Acceptances	Success rate (%)	Applicants per place
ARTS				
Ancient & Modern History	81	14	17.3	5.8
Archaeology and Anthropology	101	20	19.8	5.1
Classical Arch & Ancient History	67	19	28.4	3.5
Classics	293	123	42.0	2.4
Classics & English	30	8	26.7	3.8
Classics & Modern Languages	23	8	34.8	2.9
Computer Science & Philosophy	31	9	29.0	3.4
Economics & Management	1192	84	7.0	14.2
English	1142	240	21.0	4.8
English & Modern Languages	117	18	15.4	6.5
European & Middle Eastern Languages	28	8	28.6	3.5
Fine Art	189	28	14.8	6.8
Geography	371	77	20.8	4.8
History	1029	246	23.9	4.2
History & Economics	99	13	13.1	7.6
History & English	89	7	7.9	12.7
History & Modern Languages	87	16	18.4	5.4
History & Politics	279	39	14.0	7.2
History of Art	137	12	8.8	11.4
Law	1302	196	15.1	6.6

Law/LSE	317	31	9.8	10.2
Mathematics & Philosophy	90	16	17.8	5.6
Modern Languages	573	189	33.0	3.0
Modern Languages & Linguistics	72	27	37.5	2.7
Music	221	70	31.7	3.2
Oriental Studies	168	48	28.6	3.5
Philosophy & Modern Languages	51	13	25.5	3.9
Philosophy & Theology	118	28	23.7	4.2
Physics & Philosophy	146	16	11.0	9.1
PPE	1640	232	14.1	7.1
Theology	91	28	30.8	3.3
Theology & Oriental Studies	4	1	25.0	4.0
TOTAL ARTS	**10178**	**1884**	**18.5**	**5.4**

SCIENCES				
Biochemistry	399	90	22.6	4.4
Biological Sciences	428	111	25.9	3.9
Biomedical Sciences	193	33	17.1	5.8
Chemistry	638	180	28.2	3.5
Computer Science	147	23	15.6	6.4
Earth Sciences	116	34	29.3	3.4
EEM	100	10	10.0	10.0
Engineering Science	720	157	21.8	4.6
Experimental Psychology	212	50	23.6	4.2
Human Sciences	155	31	20.0	5.0
Materials Science (inc. MEM)	79	33	41.8	2.4
Mathematics	917	161	17.6	5.7
Mathematics & Computer Science	119	28	23.5	4.3
Mathematics & Statistics	172	22	12.8	7.8
Medicine	1471	149	10.1	9.9
Physics	1011	173	17.1	5.8
Psychology, Philosophy and Linguistics	161	29	18.0	5.6

TOTAL SCIENCES	**7038**	**1314**	**18.7**	**5.4**
TOTAL	**17216**	**3198**	**18.6**	**5.4**

The five large courses (over 60 places) with the **lowest success rates** (i.e. the highest number of applicants competing for each place available) are (lowest success rate first):
Economics & Management
Medicine
Philosophy, Politics and Economics
Law
Mathematics

The five large courses (over 60 places) with the **highest success rates** (i.e. the lowest number of applicants competing for each place available) are (highest success rate first):
Classics
Modern Languages
Chemistry
Music
Biological Sciences

Sorted by success rate

The table below shows the same data sorted by success rate, with the highest success rate (ie the lowest number of applicants per place) first.

Applications and acceptances by course, 2013 entry: all domiciles

	Applications	Acceptances	Success rate (%)	Applicants per place
Classics	293	123	42.0	2.4
Materials Science (inc. MEM)	79	33	41.8	2.4
Modern Languages & Linguistics	72	27	37.5	2.7
Classics & Modern Languages	23	8	34.8	2.9
Modern Languages	573	189	33.0	3.0
Music	221	70	31.7	3.2
Theology	91	28	30.8	3.3
Earth Sciences	116	34	29.3	3.4
Computer Science & Philosophy	31	9	29.0	3.4
European & Middle Eastern Languages	28	8	28.6	3.5
Oriental Studies	168	48	28.6	3.5
Classical Arch	67	19	28.4	3.5

& Ancient History				
Chemistry	638	180	28.2	3.5
Classics & English	30	8	26.7	3.8
Biological Sciences	428	111	25.9	3.9
Philosophy & Modern Languages	51	13	25.5	3.9
Theology & Oriental Studies	4	1	25.0	4.0
History	1029	246	23.9	4.2
Philosophy & Theology	118	28	23.7	4.2
Experimental Psychology	212	50	23.6	4.2
Mathematics & Computer Science	119	28	23.5	4.3
Biochemistry	399	90	22.6	4.4
Engineering Science	720	157	21.8	4.6
English	1142	240	21.0	4.8
Geography	371	77	20.8	4.8
Human Sciences	155	31	20.0	5.0
Archaeology and Anthropology	101	20	19.8	5.1
History & Modern Languages	87	16	18.4	5.4
Psychology, Philosophy and Linguistics	161	29	18.0	5.6
Mathematics & Philosophy	90	16	17.8	5.6
Mathematics	917	161	17.6	5.7
Ancient & Modern History	81	14	17.3	5.8
Physics	1011	173	17.1	5.8
Biomedical Sciences	193	33	17.1	5.8
Computer Science	147	23	15.6	6.4
English & Modern Languages	117	18	15.4	6.5
Law	1302	196	15.1	6.6
Fine Art	189	28	14.8	6.8
PPE	1640	232	14.1	7.1
History & Politics	279	39	14.0	7.2
History	99	13	13.1	7.6

& Economics				
Mathematics & Statistics	172	22	12.8	7.8
Physics & Philosophy	146	16	11.0	9.1
Medicine	1471	149	10.1	9.9
EEM	100	10	10.0	10.0
Law/LSE	317	31	9.8	10.2
History of Art	137	12	8.8	11.4
History & English	89	7	7.9	12.7
Economics & Management	1192	84	7.0	14.2

Shortlisting for interview

The table below shows the proportion of applicants for each course that were shortlisted for interview over the last three years.

Applicants shortlisted for interview by course, 2011–13

	% shortlisted, 2013	% shortlisted, 2012	% shortlisted, 2011
ARTS			
Ancient & Modern History	67.9	59.5	68.0
Archaeology /Anthropology	60.4	62.3	82.6
Class Arch & Anc History	91.0	87.1	89.7
Classics	95.2	96.1	95.9
Classics & English	90.0	79.3	91.9
Classics & Mod Langs	100.0	93.9	91.9
Computer Science & Philosophy	54.8	61.5	-
Economics & Management	25.0	29.2	29.8
English	63.0	63.2	66.6
English & Mod Langs	63.2	68.5	68.9
European & Mid East Langs	82.1	75.0	79.7
Fine Art	28.0	25.9	25.5

Geography	64.2	77.6	92.4
History	71.1	70.1	70.7
History & Economics	56.6	48.3	56.5
History & English	64.0	55.8	60.2
History & Mod Langs	71.3	70.4	76.3
History & Politics	54.1	54.5	57.8
History of Art	33.6	33.8	41.3
Law	49.8	48.1	40.1
Law/LSE	46.1	42.9	46.5
Mathematics & Philosophy	53.3	52.2	48.5
Mod Langs & Linguistics	93.1	84.4	92.5
Modern Languages	87.4	87.8	90.3
Music	89.6	94.5	85.3
Oriental Studies	83.3	88.1	86.2
Philosophy & Mod Langs	88.2	87.5	80.0
Philosophy & Theology	89.8	90.2	81.1
Physics & Philosophy	43.2	44.7	45.7
PPE	45.8	45.8	45.9
Theology	93.4	91.4	80.2
Theology & Oriental Studies	100.0	50.0	83.3
ARTS OVERALL	**57.3**	**58.5**	**58.9**
SCIENCES			
Biochemistry	78.9	83.9	83.3
Biological Sciences	73.8	80.3	73.5
Biomedical Sciences	57.0	56.8	59.1
Chemistry	93.1	95.4	96.2
Computer Science	55.8	59.0	52.3
Earth Sciences	94.0	85.1	90.4
EEM	43.0	45.3	45.4
Engineering Science	61.9	65.6	57.8
Experimental Psychology	64.2	53.5	57.5
Human Sciences	90.3	85.9	92.8
Materials Science	82.3	69.2	73.8

Mathematics	52.7	51.4	51.7
Mathematics & Statistics	54.7	60.0	56.7
Maths & Computer Science	67.2	56.4	66.3
Medicine	29.2	28.5	30.1
Physics	42.9	48.7	49.3
Psychology, Philosophy and Linguistics #	57.8	56.9	55.0
SCIENCE OVERALL	**56.4**	**56.7**	**56.7**
OVERALL	**57.0**	**57.8**	**58.0**

Data from previous years includes Physiology & Psychology and Physiology & Philosophy applicants.

This data is obtained by subtracting the number of people not short-listed in November from the total number of applicants.

College choice

Oxford has 30 colleges that admit undergraduate students. They all admit both men and women. Most colleges offer most courses.

Applicants to Oxford do not need to name a college of preference but can choose to do so.

Colleges work co-operatively to try and ensure all applicants for a particular subject, across all colleges, can be compared against one another, in order that the very best people get Oxford places. As a result, **around 27% of successful candidates for 2013 entry are at a college other than the college they named as their preference.**

Acceptances by college choice, 2013 entry

	Total
Accepted by first choice college	2,341
Accepted by college other than first choice	857
TOTAL	**3,198**

This redistribution process involves importing and exporting candidates between colleges. Any given college will 'export' a certain number of the candidates who named it as their preference to other colleges, and will 'import' candidates for consideration who named another college as their preference.

This capacity by colleges to share and consider a wide range of candidates helps ensure the best applicants across the University get places, regardless of whether the particular college they named as their preference was oversubscribed in that year.

The table below shows, for each college, the number of applicants naming that college as their preference; the number who go on to be accepted by that college; and the number who go on to be accepted by any Oxford college (either the 'preferred' college or, through the redistribution process, another college).

The table also gives a sense for each college of what proportion of its intake is 'imported' from other colleges.

From left to right, the columns show:

1. Total number of applicants naming this college as their preference;
2. The number of those applicants accepted to this college;
3. The percentage of applicants naming this college as their preference who were accepted to this college (success rate for getting a place at this 'preferred' college);
4. The number of applicants naming this college as their preference who were accepted to Oxford (either this college or another);
5. The percentage of applicants naming this college as their preference who were accepted to Oxford (success rate for getting a place at Oxford).*And:*
6. The number of candidates accepted by this college in total
7. The number of candidates accepted by this college who had originally named

another college as their preference ('imports');

8. The number of 'imports' expressed as a percentage of the college's overall acceptances (ie what proportion of the college's intake is 'imported').

These figures only show those applicants who named a college of preference (which is not essential – see 'open applications' below).

Three-year average, 2011 to 2013

College	No. of applicants to this college	No. of those applicants accepted at this college	% of applicants naming this college accepted at this college	No. of applicants to this college accepted at Oxford	% of applicants naming this college accepted at Oxford	Total intake at this college	No. of imports	% of total intake imported
Balliol College	2333	297	13%	447	19%	331	34	10%
Brasenose College	2683	294	11%	538	20%	313	19	6%
Christ Church	1907	268	14%	338	18%	359	91	25%
Corpus Christi College	757	147	19%	191	25%	194	47	24%
Exeter College	1608	216	13%	299	19%	270	54	20%
Harris Manchester College	340	47	14%	50	15%	82	35	43%
Hertford College	1573	274	17%	355	23%	345	71	21%
Jesus College	1321	219	17%	264	20%	284	65	23%
Keble College	1885	298	16%	387	21%	367	69	19%
Lady Margaret Hall	1274	217	17%	271	21%	323	106	33%
Lincoln College	1232	206	17%	267	22%	244	38	16%
Magdalen College	2047	302	15%	481	23%	330	28	8%
Mansfield College	598	97	16%	108	18%	185	88	48%
Merton College	1429	222	16%	323	23%	247	25	10%
New College	1820	329	18%	449	25%	364	35	10%
Oriel	1141	180	16%	251	22%	238	58	24%

College								
Pembroke College	1246	207	17%	256	21%	285	78	27%
Somerville College	592	139	23%	157	27%	270	131	49%
St Anne's College	1141	211	18%	233	20%	331	120	36%
St Catherine's College	1613	236	15%	274	17%	366	130	36%
St Edmund Hall	956	167	17%	192	20%	290	123	42%
St Hilda's College	491	78	16%	89	18%	263	185	70%
St Hugh's College	679	142	21%	158	23%	298	156	52%
St John's College	2006	282	14%	426	21%	333	51	15%
St Peter's College	814	136	17%	156	19%	269	133	49%
The Queen's College	1084	186	17%	240	22%	269	83	31%
Trinity College	1596	228	14%	314	20%	254	26	10%
University College	1749	266	15%	332	19%	320	54	17%
Wadham College	1760	295	17%	400	23%	350	55	16%
Worcester College	2699	319	12%	588	22%	347	28	8%
Permanent Private Halls	123	21	17%	24	20%	137	116	85%

The same information broken down by course choice is available in this interactive table.
Interpreting this information

Extreme caution is advised in attempting to draw conclusions about any given individual's chances of success based on this information.

Variations by college in success rates (either in gaining a place at that college, or in gaining a place at Oxford) will be affected by:

- The number of overall applicants to the college in any given year;
- The course mix of applicants to the college in any given year (some courses are heavily oversubscribed, so colleges receiving lots of applications for those courses will show a lower success rate overall);
- The strength of the individual candidates applying to the college (if in any given year a college has a large number of very strong candidates, the success rate for

getting into that college is likely to be low but the success rate for being 'exported' and getting into another college is likely to be high);

- The number of strong candidates being imported from other colleges (if in any given year other colleges have large numbers of very stron candidates, the college may do more 'importing').

Open applications

Applicants to Oxford do not need to name a college of preference. They have the option of making an open application, and then a computer algorithm assigns them a nominal 'college of preference'. When considering candidates, tutors do not know whether or not the candidates chose to name a college of preference.

A total of 3,057 candidates submitted open applications for entry 2013. All colleges received some allocated candidates. The table below shows the number of open applications by course.

Subject	Open applications
Economics & Management	363
Philosophy, Politics and Economics	330
Medicine	317
Law	270
Physics	163
Engineering	153
English Language and Literature	124
Mathematics	115
Chemistry	101
History	94
Other subjects	1027
TOTAL	**3057**

Qualifications

Most applicants for undergraduate courses at Oxford apply with A-levels, but we accept a range of different qualifications. See entrance requirements and international qualifications.

If you are predicted top grades at A-level (excluding General Studies), or equivalent, you may be able to make a competitive application to Oxford. However, over 46,000 UCAS applicants a year achieve AAA+ excluding General Studies (or equivalent) and Oxford only has around 3,200 places so even excellent grades will not guarantee you a place.

Offers for Oxford places are between A*A*A and AAA, at A-level depending on the course. In some circumstances candidates who miss their conditional offer may be accepted anyway if there are extenuating circumstances such as illness. For a list of courses at Oxford with conditional offers of at least one A*, see: Oxford courses asking for at least one A* grade conditional entry.

The table below shows the A-level grades of candidates applying and getting offers for 2013 entry.

Best 3 A-level grades achieved	Applicants	Offers	Success Rate %
A*A*A* or above	2106	940	44.6
A*A*A	2281	691	30.3
A*AA	2796	611	21.9
AAA	1635	277	16.9
Below AAA (incl A*A*B etc)	2677	172	6.4
TOTAL	**11495**	**2691**	**23.4**

Candidates may have taken more than 3 A-levels but table shows only the best 3 A-levels.

The table below shows the A-level grades of accepted candidates for 2013 entry.

Acceptances for 2013 entry: A-levels

Best 3 A-level grades achieved	No	%
A*A*A* or above	923	37.1
A*A*A	677	27.2
A*AA	596	24.0
AAA	235	9.4
Below AAA (incl A*A*B etc)	57	2.3
TOTAL	**2488**	**100.0**

The data above is based on the best three A-levels completed by candidates during 2012 and 2013.

Candidates may have taken more than 3 A-levels but table shows only the best 3 A-levels.

Note that applicants with A-level grades below AAA may have achieved additional Pre-U qualifications or A-levels prior to 2012.

The table below shows the numbers of offers made to, and final acceptances for, candidates not taking A-levels.

Acceptances for 2013 entry

Type of qualification	Offers	Acceptances
A-level	2446	2240
A-level/Pre-U combination	113	109
Pre-U	23	23
International Baccalaureate	259	207
Scottish (Advanced Highers or Highers)	45	39
Singaporean SIPCAL	44	35
English Language requirement (as sole condition)	11	9
US APTs or SATs	37	20
Romanian Diploma de Bacaleaureat	14	12
German Abitur	20	18
French Baccalaureate (inc International Option)	8	7
Polish Matura	7	3
Irish Leaving Certificate	9	7
Dutch VWO	7	7
Australian ATAR/UAI	13	6
European Baccaleaureate	3	3
Hong Kong DSE	4	3
Other	167	152
Unconditional Offer	314	298
GRAND TOTAL	**3544**	**3198**

Ethnic origin

The University seeks to attract applicants of the highest quality and potential, regardless of background. Decisions on the admission of students will be based solely on the individual merits of each candidate and the application of selection criteria appropriate to the course of study.

For further details see the University's equality policy.

Context for these figures

All UK undergraduate applicants are invited to declare their ethnicity when making a university application via UCAS. UCAS does not release this data to universities until after decisions on admissions have been taken. Around 6% of UK applicants to Oxford do not declare their ethnic origin.

The percentage of all Oxford students of known ethnicity who are BME (black and minority ethnic) is **24%**. This includes undergraduates and postgraduates, across all years, of all nationalities. The proportion of UK undergraduate students of known ethnicity who are BME is **13%**.

These figures show the ethnic origin of UK undergraduate students who disclosed their ethnicity at application for the 2013 year of entry.

Applications, acceptances and success rate of home students by ethnic origin, 2013

	Applications		Acceptances		Success rate
	No	**%**	**No**	**%**	**%**
White	8782	80.7	2233	86.1	25.4
Gypsy or Traveller	1	0.0		0.0	0.0
White Total	**8783**	**80.7**	**2233**	**86.1**	**25.4**
Asian or Asian British - Bangladeshi	75	0.7	5	0.2	6.7
Asian or Asian British - Indian	517	4.8	85	3.3	16.4
Asian or Asian British - Pakistani	170	1.6	11	0.4	6.5
Other Asian background	195	1.8	28	1.1	14.4
Black or Black British - African	177	1.6	23	0.9	13.0
Black or Black British - Caribbean	35	0.3	5	0.2	14.3
Other Black background	6	0.1	1	0.0	16.7
Mixed - White & Asian	313	2.9	83	3.2	26.5
Mixed - White & Black African	51	0.5	11	0.4	21.6
Mixed - White & Black Caribbean	62	0.6	8	0.3	12.9
Other Mixed background	158	1.5	40	1.5	25.3
Chinese	229	2.1	45	1.7	19.7
Arab	42	0.4	4	0.2	9.5

Other Ethnic background	71	0.7	10	0.4	14.1
Non White Total	**2101**	**19.3**	**359**	**13.9**	**17.1**
Total declared ethnicity	**10884**	**100.0**	**2592**	**100.0**	**23.8**
Information refused/Not known	672		51		7.6
TOTAL	**11556**		**2643**		**22.9**

2012 data for comparison:

	Applications		Acceptances		Success rate
	No	**%**	**No**	**%**	**%**
White	9102	82.2	2349	88.6	25.8
Gypsy or Traveller	2	0.0	1	0.0	50.0
White Total	**9104**	**82.2**	**2350**	**88.6**	**25.8**
Asian or Asian British - Bangladeshi	64	0.6	7	0.3	10.9
Asian or Asian British - Indian	485	4.4	71	2.7	14.6
Asian or Asian British - Pakistani	160	1.4	21	0.8	13.1
Other Asian background	169	1.5	17	0.6	10.1
Black or Black British - African	180	1.6	19	0.7	10.6
Black or Black British - Caribbean	22	0.2	1	0.0	4.5
Other Black background	13	0.1	2	0.1	15.4
Mixed - White & Asian	298	2.7	68	2.6	22.8
Mixed - White & Black African	65	0.6	20	0.8	30.8
Mixed - White & Black Caribbean	61	0.6	8	0.3	13.1
Other Mixed background	145	1.3	27	1.0	18.6
Chinese	207	1.9	33	1.2	15.9
Arab	33	0.3		0.0	0.0
Other Ethnic background	63	0.6	7	0.3	11.1
Non White Total	**1965**	**17.8**	**301**	**11.4**	**15.3**
Total declared ethnicity	**11069**	**100.0**	**2651**	**100.0**	**23.9**
Information refused/Not known	769		44		5.7
TOTAL	**11838**		**2695**		**22.8**

The national picture for school attainment

In 2012, 7.6% of UK domiciled white students applying to University through UCAS gained AAA or higher at A-level (or 38+ IB points), compared to 5.3% of BME students. Among Black students, 1.1% gained AAA or higher.

In numbers: nearly 31,000 white students got three As or better at A-level in 2012, compared to nearly 7,100 BME students, of whom 529 were Black.

[Source: UCAS data on UK applicants achieving AAA or higher at A level (excluding General Studies) or 38 IB points or higher]

The national picture for applications to Oxford

Of the nearly 31,000 white students who got three As or better at A-level and applied to university through UCAS in 2012, around 21% applied to Oxford. Of the nearly 7,100 BME students who got three As or better at A level and applied to university through UCAS, around 18% applied to Oxford; 529 Black students got three As or better at A level and applied to university through UCAS, and 18% of them applied to Oxford.

Success rate

As the table above shows, some ethnic groups had a lower success rate in entry 2013 than the average.

The University continues to explore possible reasons for the disparity in success rates. One contributory factor that has been explored is subject choice.

Reflecting a national pattern of university applications, BME students tend to apply disproportionately for many of the most oversubscribed courses. This contributes to (though does not wholly explain) the lower success rates for the group as a whole.

Gender

All Oxford colleges are committed to recruiting the best candidates, irrespective of their age, colour, disability, ethnic origin, marital status, nationality, national origin, parental status, race, religion or belief, gender, sexual orientation, social background or educational background.

The table below shows applications, acceptances and success rate by course and gender for 2013 entry.

Applications and acceptances by course and gender, 2013 entry: all domiciles

	Applications			Acceptances			Success rate (%)		
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total
ARTS									
Ancient & Modern History	39	42	81	7	7	14	17.9	16.7	17.3
Archaeology and Anthropology	68	33	101	12	8	20	17.6	24.2	19.8
Classical Arch & Ancient History	42	25	67	13	6	19	31.0	24.0	28.4
Classics	148	145	293	59	64	123	39.9	44.1	42.0
Classics & English	24	6	30	6	2	8	25.0	33.3	26.7
Classics & Modern Languages	15	8	23	4	4	8	26.7	50.0	34.8
Computer Science & Philosophy	4	27	31		9	9	0.0	33.3	29.0
Economics & Management	444	748	1192	31	53	84	7.0	7.1	7.0
English	840	302	1142	164	76	240	19.5	25.2	21.0
English & Modern Languages	97	20	117	15	3	18	15.5	15.0	15.4
European & Middle Eastern Languages	20	8	28	6	2	8	30.0	25.0	28.6
Fine Art	154	35	189	21	7	28	13.6	20.0	14.8
Geography	222	149	371	49	28	77	22.1	18.8	20.8
History	496	533	1029	129	117	246	26.0	22.0	23.9
History & Economics	35	64	99	2	11	13	5.7	17.2	13.1
History & English	69	20	89	6	1	7	8.7	5.0	7.9
History & Modern Languages	55	32	87	9	7	16	16.4	21.9	18.4
History & Politics	116	163	279	14	25	39	12.1	15.3	14.0
History of Art	121	16	137	10	2	12	8.3	12.5	8.8
Law	719	583	1302	106	90	196	14.7	15.4	15.1

Law/LSE	205	112	317	17	14	31	8.3	12.5	9.8
Mathematics & Philosophy	28	62	90	2	14	16	7.1	22.6	17.8
Modern Languages	371	202	573	126	63	189	34.0	31.2	33.0
Modern Languages & Linguistics	53	19	72	20	7	27	37.7	36.8	37.5
Music	117	104	221	26	44	70	22.2	42.3	31.7
Oriental Studies	101	67	168	34	14	48	33.7	20.9	28.6
Philosophy & Modern Languages	30	21	51	10	3	13	33.3	14.3	25.5
Philosophy & Theology	58	60	118	18	10	28	31.0	16.7	23.7
Physics & Philosophy	48	98	146	4	12	16	8.3	12.2	11.0
PPE	623	1017	1640	83	149	232	13.3	14.7	14.1
Theology	42	49	91	15	13	28	35.7	26.5	30.8
Theology & Oriental Studies	2	2	4	1		1	50.0	0.0	25.0
TOTAL ARTS	**5406**	**4772**	**10178**	**1019**	**865**	**1884**	**18.8**	**18.1**	**18.5**

SCIENCES									
Biochemistry	239	160	399	45	45	90	18.8	28.1	22.6
Biological Sciences	274	154	428	75	36	111	27.4	23.4	25.9
Biomedical Sciences	135	58	193	25	8	33	18.5	13.8	17.1
Chemistry	268	370	638	63	117	180	23.5	31.6	28.2
Computer Science	24	123	147	3	20	23	12.5	16.3	15.6
Earth Sciences	56	60	116	17	17	34	30.4	28.3	29.3
EEM	27	73	100	2	8	10	7.4	11.0	10.0
Engineering Science	161	559	720	43	114	157	26.7	20.4	21.8
Experimental Psychology	165	47	212	41	9	50	24.8	19.1	23.6
Human Sciences	117	38	155	20	11	31	17.1	28.9	20.0
Materials Science (inc. MEM)	22	57	79	7	26	33	31.8	45.6	41.8
Mathematics	316	601	917	45	116	161	14.2	19.3	17.6
Mathematics & Computer Science	28	91	119	3	25	28	10.7	27.5	23.5
Mathematics & Statistics	76	96	172	12	10	22	15.8	10.4	12.8
Medicine	811	660	1471	72	77	149	8.9	11.7	10.1
Physics	235	776	1011	26	147	173	11.1	18.9	17.1
Psychology, Philosophy and Linguistics	106	55	161	18	11	29	17.0	20.0	18.0

TOTAL SCIENCES	**3060**	**3978**	**7038**	**517**	**797**	**1314**	**16.9**	**20.0**	**18.7**
TOTAL	**8466**	**8750**	**17216**	**1536**	**1662**	**3198**	**18.1**	**19.0**	**18.6**

The table below shows applications and acceptances for UK domiciled candidates by school type and gender for 2013 entry.

UK domiciled applications and acceptances by type of school/college and gender, 2013 entry

	Applications 2013				Acceptances 2013			
	Female	**Male**	**Total**	**%**	**Female**	**Male**	**Total**	**%**
Comprehensive	1334	1283	2617	22.6	290	274	564	21.3
Grammar	518	619	1137	9.8	124	137	261	9.9
Sixth Form Colleges	698	629	1327	11.5	145	122	267	10.1
Academy [1]	770	749	1519	13.1	159	161	320	12.1
FE Institutions [2]	193	171	364	3.1	27	23	50	1.9
Other State [3]	5	5	10	0.1	1	-	1	0.0
State sector	3518	3456	6974	60.3	746	717	1463	55.4
Independent	1940	2185	4125	35.7	498	616	1114	42.1
Other UK Institutions [4]	29	14	43	0.4	10	1	11	0.4
Overseas Schools	26	29	55	0.5	6	4	10	0.4
Individuals	152	207	359	3.1	20	25	45	1.7
All other category	207	250	457	4.0	36	30	66	2.5
TOTAL	**5665**	**5891**	**11556**	**100.0**	**1280**	**1363**	**2643**	**100.0**

[1] Academy is a new classification, introduced by UCAS for 2013 entry
[2] FE Institutions comprises tertiary colleges and all types of further education colleges
[3] Other State comprises Other Secondary Schools, Special Schools and City Technology Colleges
[4] Other UK institutions mainly comprises Language Schools and HE institutions but also includes a few other UK institutions that are not classified as either State or Independent

The table below shows applications and acceptances for candidates of all domiciles by school type and gender for 2013 entry.

Applications and acceptances by type of school/college and gender: all domiciles

	Applications 2013				Acceptances 2013			
	Female	**Male**	**Total**	**%**	**Female**	**Male**	**Total**	**%**
Comprehensive	1345	1294	2639	15.3	292	274	566	17.7
Grammar	519	621	1140	6.6	124	137	261	8.2
Sixth Form Colleges	720	656	1376	8.0	146	123	269	8.4
Academy [1]	772	753	1525	8.9	159	161	320	10.0
FE Institutions [2]	204	186	390	2.3	28	23	51	1.6
Other State [3]	5	5	10	0.1	1	-	1	0.0
State sector	3565	3515	7080	41.1	750	718	1468	45.9

	Female	Male	Total	%	Female	Male	Total	%
Independent	2265	2499	4764	27.7	543	660	1203	37.6
Other UK Institutions [4]	44	22	66	0.4	12	2	14	0.4
Overseas Schools	1167	1152	2319	13.5	131	139	270	8.4
Individuals	1425	1562	2987	17.4	100	143	243	7.6
All other category	2636	2736	5372	31.2	243	284	527	16.5
TOTAL	**8466**	**8750**	**17216**	**100.0**	**1536**	**1662**	**3198**	**100.0**

[1] Academy is a new classification, introduced by UCAS for 2013 entry
[2] FE Institutions comprises tertiary colleges and all types of further education colleges
[3] Other State comprises Other Secondary Schools, Special Schools and City Technology Colleges
[4] Other UK institutions mainly comprises Language Schools and HE institutions but also includes a few other UK institutions that are not classified as either State or Independent

Last year's figures for comparison

	Applications 2012				Acceptances 2012			
	Female	**Male**	**Total**	**%**	**Female**	**Male**	**Total**	**%**
Comprehensive	1679	1703	3382	19.6	349	358	707	21.9
Grammar	1018	936	1954	11.3	240	256	496	15.3
Sixth-form colleges	716	647	1363	7.9	117	117	234	7.2
FE Institutions [1]	267	213	480	2.8	26	27	53	1.6
Other maintained [2]	44	96	140	0.8	4	25	29	0.9
Maintained sector	3724	3595	7319	42.5	736	783	1519	47.0
Independent	2288	2565	4853	28.1	552	659	1211	37.5
Other UK Institutions [3]	34	29	63	0.4	5	3	8	0.2
Overseas Schools	903	952	1855	10.8	94	133	227	7.0
Individuals	1528	1623	3151	18.3	114	154	268	8.3
All other category	2465	2604	5069	29.4	213	290	503	15.6
TOTAL	**8477**	**8764**	**17241**	**100.0**	**1501**	**1732**	**3233**	**100.0**

[1] FE Institutions comprise tertiary colleges and all types of further education colleges.

[2] The 'Other maintained' category comprises other. secondary schools, special schools and city technology colleges.

[3] 'Other UK Institutions' mainly comprises language. schools and HE Institutions, but also includes a few other UK institutions that are not classified as either maintained or independent.

Success rate by type of school/college and gender: all domiciles

	Success rate 2013			Success rate 2012		
	Female (%)	Male (%)	All (%)	Female (%)	Male (%)	All (%)
Comprehensive	21.7	21.2	21.4	20.8	21.0	20.9
Grammar	23.9	22.1	22.9	23.6	27.4	25.4
Sixth Form Colleges	20.3	18.8	19.5	16.3	18.1	17.2
Academy	20.6	21.4	21.0	-	-	-
FE Institutions	13.7	12.4	13.1	9.7	12.7	11.0
Other State	20.0	0.0	10.0	9.1	26.0	20.7
State sector	21.0	20.4	20.7	19.8	21.8	20.8
Independent	24.0	26.4	25.3	24.1	25.7	25.0
Other UK Institutions	27.3	9.1	21.2	14.7	10.3	12.7
Overseas Schools	11.2	12.1	11.6	10.4	14.0	12.2
Individuals	7.0	9.2	8.1	7.5	9.5	8.5
All other category	9.2	10.4	9.8	8.6	11.1	9.9
TOTAL	**18.1**	**19.0**	**18.6**	**17.7**	**19.8**	**18.8**

Disability

All Oxford colleges are committed to recruiting the best candidates, irrespective of their age, colour, disability, ethnic origin, marital status, nationality, national origin, parental status, race, religion or belief, gender, sexual orientation, social background or educational background.

The University's disability policy and other information on disability services and support can be found here: www.admin.ox.ac.uk/eop/disab/

The table below gives applications, acceptances and success rate by disability for entry 2013 or deferred entry in 2014. It only includes those who declared a disability; not all disabled candidates declare their disability at this stage.

Applications, acceptances and success rate by disability, 2013 entry

Disability code	Disability type	Applications	Acceptances	Success rate (%)
A	**No disability**	**16345**	**3040**	**18.6**
B	Autistic disorder	58	9	15.5
C	Blind/partial sight	10	2	20.0
D	Deaf/partial hearing	24	5	20.8
E	Long standing illness	78	13	16.7
F	Mental health	88	9	10.2
G	Learning difficulty	429	86	20.0
H	Wheelchair/mobility	27	6	22.2
I	Other disability	118	19	16.1
J	Multiple disabilities	39	9	23.1
	Total declared disability	**871**	**158**	**18.1**
TOTAL		**17216**	**3198**	**18.6**

Last year's table for comparison

Disability code	Disability type	Applications	Acceptances	Success rate (%)
A	**No disability**	**16437**	**3083**	**18.8**
B	Autistic disorder	55	8	14.5
C	Blind/partial sight	14	4	28.6
D	Deaf/partial hearing	20	3	15.0
E	Long standing illness	58	17	29.3
F	Mental health	76	8	10.5
G	Learning difficulty	401	72	18.0
H	Wheelchair/mobility	25	2	8.0
I	Other disability	128	27	21.1
J	Multiple disabilities	27	9	33.3

	Total declared disability	804	150	18.7
TOTAL		17241	3233	18.8

Stages of the selection system

The tables below show progression through the selection process: how many candidates applying were shortlisted for interview, how many of those interviewed were offered places, and how many of those offers translated into final acceptances.

57% of all candidates applying to Oxford were shortlisted for interview. Decisions on invitation to interview are based on predicted A-level grades, achieved GCSE grades, personal statement and reference, and crucially, for many subjects, performance on pre-interview subject-specific aptitude tests.

Over 36% of those shortlisted for interview received offers of a place at Oxford. Offers are made on the basis of the full range of information available on a candidate, comparing them to the whole field of candidates, not just on the basis of the interviews. Predicted and achieved grades, aptitude test scores and performance in at least two interviews are all fed in to the decision. Each candidate invited for interview will have at least two and up to four interviews, increasingly at two different colleges. More than 90% of offers at Oxford translate into acceptances of a place. Those with offers who do not end up at Oxford may not come for a variety of reasons, including missing the conditions of their offer or turning down the offer.

Progression by domicile, 2013 entry

This table shows the stages of progression through the admission process broken down by domicile.

	All domiciles	UK		EU-not UK		Non EU	
		No.	As %	No.	As %	No.	As %
Applications	17216	11556	67.1	1950	11.3	3710	21.5
Short-listed	9805	7425	75.7	683	7.0	1697	17.3
Offers	3544	2863	80.8	204	5.8	477	13.5
Final acceptances	3198	2643	82.6	180	5.6	375	11.7

71 of the 17216 candidates withdrew their application before short-listing and are only included in the Applications figure above 43 of the 71 were UK, 9 were EU other than UK and 19 non EU.

UK domiciled progression by school sector, 2013 entry

This table shows the stages of progression through the admission process broken down by school type, for UK domiciled applicants.

	All	State sector		Independent sector		Other	
		No.	As %	No.	As %	No.	As %
Applications	11556	6974	60.3	4125	35.7	457	4.0
Short-listed	7425	4210	56.7	2993	40.3	222	3.0
Offers	2863	1612	56.3	1178	41.1	73	2.5

Final acceptances	2643	1463	55.4	1114	42.1	66	2.5

43 of the 11556 candidates withdrew their application before short-listing and are only included in the Applications figure above 29 of the 43 were from the State sector, 5 from the Independent sector and 9 from the 'Other' sector.

UK domiciled progression by school sector, 2012 entry

This table shows the stages of progression through the admission process broken down by school type, for UK domiciled applicants.

	All	State sector		Independent sector		Other	
		No.	As %	No.	As %	No.	As %
Applications	11832	7179	60.7	4200	35.5	453	3.8
Short-listed	7618	4327	56.8	3072	40.3	219	2.9
Offers	2904	1641	56.5	1190	41.0	73	2.5
Final acceptances	2695	1510	56.0	1118	41.5	67	2.5

24 of the 11832 UK domiciled candidates withdrew their application before short-listing are only included in the Applications figure above 7 of the 24 were from the State sector, 2 from the Independent sector and 5 from the 'Other' sector.

Household income and Oxford financial support holders

The table below shows the total number of enrolled students who commenced study in October 2013 by residual household income band.

Oxford has the most generous financial support for the lowest-income students of any university in the country.

While many universities are offering either tuition fee reductions or bursaries, in 2013-14 Oxford provides both.

One in six students receives a tuition fee reduction and around one quarter receive a bursary.

The lowest-income students receive Oxford financial support totalling £10,000 in their first year and over £6,000 in every later year – more than £22,000 over three years. In addition, a subset of the most disadvantaged students from this group are selected to receive a package of enhanced support, as part of the Moritz-Heyman Scholarship Programme, totalling £11,000 for each year of their course – a total of £33,000 over three years.

The financial support Oxford gives is in addition to the government support available.

Enrolled students by residual household income band, 2013 entry

Household income	Number of students	% of total enrolled students
< £16,000	297	9.9
£16,000 - £25,000	155	5.2
£25,000 - £42,611	242	8.1
Total enrolled students	**2991**	**100.0**

Notes:

- These are in-year figures and are expected to rise by the end of the academic year (June 2014). This is because household income figures are received on a rolling basis from the Student Loans Company.
- Bursaries can be approved throughout the academic year.
- Those with a household income of exactly £16,000 or exactly £25,000 fall into the £16,000 - £25,000 bracket.
- The figures above include all UK students eligible for financial support from Oxford. This includes undergraduates, graduate entry medicine students, and PGCE students.
- Residual income is based on gross household income (before tax and National Insurance) minus certain allowable deductions. These can include pension payments, which are eligible for certain specified tax relief, and allowances for other dependent children.

Contextual data

2013 marked the fifth year of the use of a flagging system for contextual data to decide which extra students to invite to interview. The aspects of contextual data looked at were the performance of the candidate's school at GCSE and A-level; socio-economic circumstances by home postcode; and whether an applicant has been in care.

No matter what contextual information there is on a candidate they will still need to meet the standard conditional offer for a place and be within the top 80% in any pre-interview tests before they are invited to interview.

The University will 'flag' a candidate if they have one flag from the prior education **and** socio-economic background categories, or be flagged for being in care. When a candidate is flagged it is **strongly recommended that they are invited to interview**.

Shortlisting rates of candidates with contextual data flagging

2013 entry	Applications	Met academic criteria shortlisted	% shortlisted	Accepts	Success rate (%)
Flagged applicants	1134	688	60.7	192	16.9
All UK domiciled applicants	11556	7425	64.3	2643	22.9

Last year's figures for comparison

2012 entry	Applications	Met academic criteria shortlisted	% shortlisted	Accepts	Success rate (%)
Flagged applicants	928	581	62.6	160	17.2
All UK domiciled applicants	11832	7618	64.4	2695	22.8

Access Agreement target categories

Oxford's targets [in its Access Agreement with the Office for Fair Access](#) relate to increasing the proportion of UK undergraduates from the following categories:

- Students from schools and colleges which historically have had limited progression to Oxford
- Students from disadvantaged socio-economic backgrounds
- Students from neighbourhoods with low participation in higher education
- Students with disabilities

The following table shows the number of students applying for 2013 entry (or deferred entry in 2014) who meet one or more of these Access Agreement target categories:

Students meeting one or more Access Agreement target category, 2013 entry

Total number of UK applicants	*Total number of UK applicants with at least 1 OFFA flag (i.e. target group)*	Total accepted UK applicants	*Target students accepted*	Target students as percentage of overall accepted UK students
11,556	*4,625*	2,643	*858*	32.5%

Breakdown by Access Agreement target

Oxford's Access Agreement for 2012-13 with the Office for Fair Access set out the following specific target groups:

1) Students from schools and colleges which historically have had limited progression to Oxford: defined as schools and colleges where 30 or fewer students achieve AAA over a three-year period (i.e. an average of 0-10 students per year achieve AAA), but where there is limited historical success in putting forward successful candidates for Oxford. *The target is to increase the proportion of UK students coming from this group of schools and colleges to 25% by 2016-17.*

Applications and acceptances by Access Agreement schools target category, 2013 entry

Total number of UK applicants	*Total number of UK applicants from target schools and colleges*	Total accepted UK applicants	*Students accepted from target schools*	Target students as percentage of overall accepted UK students
11,556	*3,033*	2,643	*518*	19.6%

2) Students from socio-economically disadvantaged areas: defined as UK students coming from ACORN postcodes 4 and 5 (i.e. the least advantaged areas in the UK). *The target is to increase the proportion of UK students coming from this group to 9% by*

Applications and acceptances by Access Agreement socio-economic target category, 2013 entry

Total number of UK applicants matched with ACORN postcode data [1]	*Total number of UK applicants from ACORN postcodes 4 and 5*	Total number of accepted UK applicants matched with ACORN postcode data	*Students accepted from ACORN postcodes 4 and 5*	Target students as percentage of overall accepted UK students matched with ACORN postcode data
11,412	*1,070*	2,618	*179*	6.8%

1. The ACORN dataset is used to determine socio-economic disadvantage at a postcode level. ACORN stands for 'A Classification Of Residential Neighbourhoods'. It is a geodemographic information system categorising all UK postcodes into one of five broad types, based on census data and other information. Data on a whole range of factors including job type, education level, property type and unemployment feed in to the categorisation. It is used in marketing as well as being used widely for public policy and planning. The ACORN categories 4 and 5 ('moderate means' and 'hard pressed') are those on which Oxford will focus.

3) Students from neighbourhoods with low participation in higher education: defined as UK students coming from POLAR 2 quintiles 1 and 2 (the postcode areas with the lowest rates of progression to higher education, representing the 40% of school leavers least likely to progress to higher education). *The target is to increase the proportion of UK students coming from this group to 13% by 2016-17.*

Applications and acceptances by Access Agreement low participation target category, 2013 entry

Total number of UK applicants matched with POLAR2 postcode data [1]	*Total number of UK applicants from POLAR2 quintile one and two postcodes*	Total number of accepted UK applicants matched with POLAR2 postcode data	*Students accepted from POLAR2 quintile one and two postcodes*	Target students as percentage of overall accepted UK students matched with POLAR2 postcode data
11,408	*1,364*	2,624	*258*	9.8%

1. The POLAR 2 postcode dataset is used by the government and HEFCE for identifying low participation in higher education. POLAR – 'Participation Of Local Areas' - is a series of maps showing the participation of young people in higher education for different geographical areas. The data is based on the proportion of young people in an area who go on to enter higher education aged 18 or 19. The POLAR maps and data sets show how the chances of young people entering higher education vary by where they live. The data is broken down into 5 groups (quintiles). Quintile 1 represents the fifth of areas with the lowest participation rates in higher education. Quintile 5 has the

highest. Oxford is interested in quintiles 1 and 2, in other words the 40% of school leavers least likely to progress to higher education. For more information on POLAR, including FAQs, see: http://www.hefce.ac.uk/whatwedo/wp/ourresearch/polar/

4) Disabled students: *The target is to continue to meet or exceed the HEFCE benchmark that disabled students make up 3.2% of the total undergraduate population.*